The Healthy Brain What Money Can't Buy!

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Physical Benefits of Exercise

Increased

-Endurance

-Strength

-Flexibility

-Balance & posture

-Restful sleep

-Resistance to stress

-Overall cardiovascular fitness

Decreased

-Hypertension

-Heart disease

-Type II diabetes

-Osteoporosis

–Falls

-Risk for cardiovascular disease

Cognition & Aging



Deficits in performance are correlated with decreased hippocampal volume during aging!

From The Aging Hippocampus: Cognitive, Biochemical and Structural Findings, *Cerebral Cortex, 2003*

Hippocampal Formation



- Consists of the hippocampus, the subiculum, and the *dentate gyrus* (all part of those "medial temporal lobe structures" involved in memory)
- Critically involved in Learning & Memory, especially declarative memory (memory of facts and events)
- Considered one of the most "vulnerable" and "plastic" structures in the human brain

Plasticity: molecular, cellular or systems level changes in the brain that underlie adaptability, learning and memory

- Plasticity comes in many forms!
 - "Learning" is a form of plasticity; using past experience ("memory") to modify/inform future action/thought *is* plasticity
 - Can result from changes in neurotransmitter release, sensitivity of receptors, number of synapses, generation of "new" neurons, increased myelination of axons, etc.

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 - Neurogenesis in the dentate gyrus

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- Trophic factors that support survival of neurons & plasticity

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facilitated release

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 - Synaptic plasticity
 - Long-term potentiation
 - Number of synapses





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 - Number of synapses
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 - Attention and arousal (nor-epinephrine)
 - Mood (5-HT or serotonin)
 - Over-all feelings of well-being (dopamine)

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- Risk of Alzheimer's disease and possibly other neurodegenerative diseases



Factors that Decrease Risk for Alzheimer's Disease

- Not under your control
 - Choosing good parents ③
 - Aging (too late!)
- Under your control
 - Continuing mental challenge
 - Maintaining strong social & personal connections
 - Eating food rich in omega-3 fats, maintaining low blood LDLs, etc.
 - Eating a diet rich in anti-oxidants like flavenoids
 - Maintaining a healthy weight
 - PHYSICAL EXERCISE (aerobic, strength, stretching)

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It's a "No-Brainer"!

- EXERCISE!
- CHALLENGE YOURSELF MENTALLY!
- STAY SOCIALLY CONNECTED!
- EAT YOUR BLUEBERRIES!
- BE ALERT & ATTENTIVE TO YOUR
 MENTAL NEEDS!

Oh, and did I mention exercise? ♥

